## Unit 7 - Stoichiometry Twitter Review Questions

U7-1:
A) Limiting reactant determines $\qquad$ amount of product that can be produced.
B) Limiting reactant is $\qquad$ consumed within a reaction.

- Answer: A) maximum
B) fully/completely

U7-2: If a reaction produces a \% yield of greater than $100 \%$, what is the most plausible explanation for this? (Looking for a specific word)

- Answer: Contains impurities

U7-3: If \% yield of a reaction is $85.0 \%$ and you wish to actually obtain 5.50 grams of product, what theoretical yield should you plan for?

- Answer: 6.47 g of product

U7-4: What is the RATIO of moles of hydrogen gas used TO moles of ammonia (NH3) produced in the following reaction: $\qquad$ N2 + $\qquad$ $\mathrm{H} 2 \rightarrow$ __NH3

- Answer: $3 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ : $2 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{NH}_{3}$

U7-5: If 10.5 moles of sodium chloride react with 12.0 moles of silver nitrate, determine the L.R. (Write balanced equation first)

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\text { - Answer: } 1 \mathrm{NaCl}+1 \mathrm{AgNO}_{3} \rightarrow 1 \mathrm{NaNO}_{3}+1 \mathrm{AgCl} \quad \text { L.R. }=\mathrm{NaCl}
$$

U7-6: Calculate the molar mass of glucose, C6H12O6. (Use correct units)

- Answer: $180.156 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$

U7-7: 5.25 moles HBr should react with $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH}) 2$. If 2.50 moles calcium bromide are actually produced, what was theoretical yield in moles?

- Answer: 2.63 mol $\mathrm{CaBr}_{2}$

U7-8: On heating 7.21 g hydrated lithium perchlorate, 4.78 g anhydrous salt remain.
A) What's the hydrate formula?
B) What's the hydrate name?

- Answer: A) $\mathrm{LiClO}_{4} \cdot 3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \quad$ B) Lithium Perchlorate Trihydrate

U7-9: The empirical formula of a compound is CH 4 N . Its molecular mass is 60.104 $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{mol}$. What is the molecular formula (MF)?

- Answer: $\mathrm{MF}=\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$

U7-10: The empirical formula of a compound is PBr5. It's molecular mass is 430.47 $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{mol}$. What is the molecular formula (MF)?

- Answer: $\mathrm{MF}=\mathrm{PBr}_{5}$

U7-11: The molecular formula of a compound is C 10 H 8 .
A) What's the molecular mass? (Include correct units)
B) What's the empirical formula?

- Answer: A) Molecular Mass $=128.164 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol} \mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{8} \quad$ B) $\mathrm{EF}=\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{4}$

U7-12: In a reaction where ethylene ( C 2 H 4 ) combusts, 3.25 g of oxygen reacts completely. What is the theoretical mass of water?

- Answer: Theoretical Yield $=1.22 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

U7-13: In a reaction where ethylene (C2H4) combusts, how many grams of ethylene should react to produce 4.50 grams of CO2?

- Answer: $1.43 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}$

U7-14: __NH3 + __O2 $\rightarrow$ __NO + __ H2O
A) 3.25 g NH 3 are allowed to react with $3.50 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O2}$. Identify L.R.
B) How many grams of NO are produced?

- Answer: A) L.R. $=\mathrm{O}_{2} \quad$ B) Theoretical Yield $=2.63 \mathrm{~g}$ NO

U7-15: Reaction: __C6H6 + __Br2 $\rightarrow$ __C6H5Br + __HBr
A) How many grams of C 6 H 5 Br are produced if 42.1 g C 6 H 6 reacts with 73.0 g Br ?

- Answer: A) Theoretical Yield $=71.6 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{Br}$

U7-16: Reaction: __C6H6 + __Br2 $\rightarrow$ __C6H5Br + __ HBr
A) What is the \% yield if the actual yield of C 6 H 5 Br is 63.6 g ?

- Answer: A) \% Yield = 88.7\%

U7-17: The reaction of 2.20 g P 4 with 4.25 g Cl 2 experimentally produces 4.28 g PCl 5 . Calculate the \% yield.

- Answer: \% Yield = 85.8\%

U7-18: How many moles are in $9.03 \times 10^{\wedge} 24$ atoms of mercury?

- Answer: 15.0 mol Hg

U7-19: How many grams are in $8.20 \times 10^{\wedge} 22$ molecules of N2I6?

- Answer: $108 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{I}_{6}$

U7-20: How many moles are in 2.55 grams of lead (IV) chlorate?

- Answer: $0.00471 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~Pb}\left(\mathrm{ClO}_{3}\right)_{4}$

U7-21: Determine the percent composition of iodine in nickel (II) iodide.

- Answer: 81.2\% Iodine

U7-22: Determine the empirical formula of a compound that is $70.0 \%$ iron and $30.0 \%$ oxygen.

- Answer: E.F. $=\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$

U7-23: A 1.98 gram sample of hydrated cobalt (II) chloride is heated to an anhydrous salt of 1.55 grams.
A) What's the hydrate formula?

- Answer: A) $\mathrm{CoCl}_{2} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

U7-24: Naphthalene is used in moth balls. Its E.F. is C5H4 with a molecular mass of $128.16 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$. What's the M.F. of Naphthalene?

- Answer: M.F. $=\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{8}$

U7-25: Reaction: __ $\mathrm{HCl}+\ldots \mathrm{Ba}(\mathrm{OH}) 2 \rightarrow \ldots \mathrm{BaCl} 2+\ldots \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O}$
A) How many moles of hydrochloric acid will react with 0.750 grams of barium hydroxide?

- Answer: 0.00875 mol HCl

