## What is chemistry?

• **DEFINITION**:

## **Fundamental vs Derived Measurements:**

- FUNDAMENTAL
  - o Ex:
  - Ex:
- <u>DERIVED</u>
  - o Ex:
  - Ex:

## **Common Lab Instruments:**

• #1 Graduated Cylinder –

More \_\_\_\_\_\_ lines = More \_\_\_\_\_ measurement.

- #2 Erlenmeyer Flask –
- #3 Volumetric Flask –

Measures \_\_\_\_\_\_ volume of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- #4 Volumetric Pipette –
- #5 Beaker –
- #6 Electronic Scale (Balance) –

Metric System (SI) – International System of Units: Refer to handout of SI Units and metric prefixes

Draw METRIC LINE:

## PRACTICE: DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS

Ex #1) METRIC - How many deciliters (dL) are in 28.0 hectoliters (hL)?

Ex #2) METRIC – How many kilometers are in 419 nanometers?

Ex #3) METRIC - How many micrometers (µm) are in 2.85 kilometers (km)?

Ex #4) METRIC – How many nanometers (nm) are in 0.438 milligrams (mg)?

Ex #5) NON-METRIC - How many seconds are in 39 days?